Column I

Column II

PRIMARY criteria for inclusion

MUST have Discharge diagnosis of <u>injuries</u> (ICD-9 codes between 800.0 - 959.9)

→AND Must have one or more from Column II

These injuries are also included;

All patients with burns and a trauma mechanism of injury or meeting severity criteria for referral by the American Burn Association or;

994.0 - lightning 994.8 - electrical current

All patients with anoxic brain injuries due to a trauma mechanism of injury:

994.1 - drowning;

994.7 - asphyxiation and strangulation: suffocated by - cave in, constriction, pressure, strangulation, mechanical, bed clothes, plastic bag

All patients that initiated <u>FULL</u>
<u>or PARTIAL</u> Trauma Team
Activation at your facility

All patients hospitalized at your facility for 48 hours or more

All patients with admission to an Intensive Care Unit at your facility

All patients who die in your facility, including those who die in the Emergency Department

All patients transferred to another facility for evaluation/treatment not available at your facility

All pediatric patients with injuries between the ages of 0-4 admitted to the facility (even if not for 48hrs or longer)

Open long bone fractures taken to surgery at your facility within 24 hours of arrival at your facility

All patients taken to surgery at your facility for intracranial, intra-thoracic, intra-abdominal, or vascular surgery

Exclusions These are not eligible;

Late effects of trauma, Injury codes 905-909, ("Late effects" should be documented as such by the physician)

Hip fractures resulting from falls from same height (without other significant injuries)

(Injury codes 820 – 821) Isolated hip fractures/femoral neck fractures when coded with:

(E884.2) - fall from a chair,

(E884.3) - fall from wheelchair,

(E884.4) - fall from bed,

(E884.5) - fall from other furniture,

(E884.6) - fall from commode,

(E885) - fall from same level from slipping, tripping, or stumbling

Unilateral pubic rami fractures resulting from falls from same height (without other significant injuries)

Single-system orthopedic injuries (except femur fractures)

Amputations distal to ankle/wrist NOT admitted to your facility for > 48 hours

Transfers with previous trauma, but now admitted for medical reasons not associated with the trauma or those transferred for personal convenience

Transfers from another facility not meeting inclusion criteria (isolated hip fx/fall from same height, etc.)

Poisoning

Hypothermia and other cold injuries (with no associated trauma) Unless Trauma Team Activation

Bites - insects, snakes (envenomation injuries)

Chronic subdural hematoma

Anoxic brain injuries due to <u>non-</u>trauma mechanism of asphyxia:

- Carbon monoxide
- Inhalation food/ foreign bodies, other gases, fumes, vapors